

SECTION 1 PRODUCT INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME: PNA Square Dowel clip

PRODUCT TYPE: ABS plastic

COMPANY CONTACT: PNA Construction Technologies, Inc.

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SECTION 2 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL NAME: Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene Resin; % 90 – 99%

SYNONYMS: ABS

CAS REGISTRY NO.: 9003 – 56 – 9

MAY ALSO CONTAIN:

Mineral Oil 0-2% Tallow 0-2% Wax 0-2%

Styrene monomer 2,000 ppm max Ethylbenzene 1,500 ppm max

SECTION 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFIC	ATION
EYE	Solid or dust may cause irritation or corneal injury due to mechanical action.
SKIN	Essentially nonirritating to skin. Mechanical injury only. Skin absorption is unlikely due to physical properties.
INGESTION	Single dose oral toxicity is considered to be low. No hazards anticipated from swallowing small amounts incidental to normal handling operations.
INHALATION	Dust may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat). At room temperature, exposure to vapors are unlikely due to physical properties; normal processing temperatures may generate vapors which may cause irritation if ventilation is inadequate.
SYSTEMIC (OTHER TARGET ORGAN) EFFECTS	Additives are encapsulated in the product and are not expected to be released under normal processing conditions or foreseeable emergency.



CANCER INFORMATION	This mixture contains a component(s) which are listed as potential carcinogens for hazard communication purposes under OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. Components listed by IARC: styrene monomer. An increase incidence of lung tumors was observed in mice from a recent inhalation on styrene. The relevance of this finding to humans is epidemiology studies of workers exposed to styrene do not provide a basis to conclude that styrene is carcinogenic. The very small quantities of monomer, as indicated in Section 2, are not expected to cause any hazardous condition because of the low concentration in the resin. As the resin is supplied, monomer is not likely to be released into the surroundings in toxicologically significant amounts. Monomer may be released during processing of the resin and the hazard may vary from negligible to very low depending on actual exposure conditions. Ethylbenzene has been shown to cause cancer in laboratory animals.
TERATOLOGY (BIRTH DEFECTS)	No relevant information found.
REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS	No relevant information found.

SECTION 4	FIRST AID	
EYE		Flush eyes with plenty of water; mechanical effects only.
SKIN		No adverse effects anticipated by this route of exposure incidental to proper industrial handling.
INGESTION		If swallowed, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.
INHALATION		Remove to fresh air if effects occur. Consult a physician.
NOTE TO PHYSICIA	AN	No specific antidote. Supportive care. Treatment based on judgment of physician in response to the patient.

FLASH POINT (°C)

N/A

FLAMMABILITY LIMIT IN AIR (% BY VOL)

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE

N/A

Lower

N/A

Hazardous combustion products may include and are not limited to: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, acrylonitrlie, hydrogen cyanide and nitrogen oxides.

PNA Square Dowel clip MSDS Rev. 9/1/07



OTHER FLAMMABILITY INFORMATION	Dense smoke is emitted when burned without sufficient oxygen. Under fire conditions polymers decompose. The smoke may contain polymer fragments of varying compositions, in addition to unidentified toxic and/or irritating compounds.
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA	Water, carbon dioxide, dry chemical.
FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS	Soak thoroughly with water to cool and prevent reignition.
PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE FIGHTERS	Wear positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, pants, boots and gloves).

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES	
PROTECT PEOPLE	To prevent falls, sweep up spills and discard.
PROTECT THE ENVIRONMENT	Plastic resins are inert and benign in terms of their environmental impact. Plastic pellets should not be allowed to enter the aquatic environment.
CLEANUP	Spills should be minimized and they should be cleaned up when they happen.

SECTION 7	HANDLING AND STORAGE	
HANDLING	Mechanical handling equipment can cause formation of dusts. Maintain good housekeeping. Dust layers should not be permitted to accumulate in order to avoid any potential for dust explosion hazards. Workers should be protected form the possibility of contact with molten resin during fabrication.	
STORAGE	Do not stack boxes more than three high. Boxes must remain dry. No stacking should be attempted or allowed if boxes are damp or bulging.	

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION		
ENGINEERING CONTROLS	Provide general and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne levels below the exposure limits.	
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT		
EYE / FACE PROTECTION	Use safety glasses. If there is a potential for exposure to particles which could cause mechanical injury to the eye, wear chemical goggles.	
SKIN PROTECTION	No precautions other than clean body covering clothing should be needed.	
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION	Atmospheric levels should be maintained below the exposure guideline. When respiratory protection is required for certain operations, use an approved air purifying respirator. In dusty atmospheres, use an approved dust respirator.	



EXPOSURE GUIDELINES		
STYRENE MONOMER	ACGIH TLV is 20 ppm TWA, 40 ppm STEL, skin. ACGIH classifies as A4. OSHA PEL is 50 ppm TWA, 100 ppm STEL. The styrene PEL and STEL are in accordance with the OSHA-industry agreement dated March, 1996	
ETHYLBENZENE	ACGIH TLV and OSHA PEL are 100 ppm TWA; 125 ppm STEL. PELS are in accord with those recommended by OSHA, as in the 1989 revision of PELS.	

A "skin" notation following the exposure guidelines refers to the potential for dermal absorption of the material. It is intended to alert the reader that inhalation may not be the only route of exposure and that measures to minimize dermal exposure should be considered. Although some of the additives used in this product may have exposure guidelines, these additives are encapsulated in the products and no exposure would be expected under normal handling conditions.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE/PHYSICAL STATE: Milky white solid, pellets.

ODOR: Low odor VAPOR PRESSURE: N/A VAPOR DENSITY: N/A BOILING POINT: N/A SOLUBILITY IN WATER/MISCIBILITY: Nil SPECIFIC GRAVITY OR DENSITY: 1.05

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY	
CHEMICAL STABILITY	Under anticipated storage and handling conditions, product is expected to be stable.
CONDITIONS TO AVOID	Temperatures over 280°C, 536°F, will generate increasing levels of fumes from decomposition products.
INCOMPATIBILITY WITH OTHER MATERIALS	None known.
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS	Refer to Section 5 for hazardous combustion products.
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION	Will not occur.

SECTION 11	TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (see section 3 for potential health effects)	
INGESTION		Single dose oral L050 has not been determined
MUTAGENICITY		No relevant information found.

SECTION 12	EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION	
	ENVIRONMENT FATE	



MOVEMENT & PARTITIONING	No bioconcentration is expected because of the relatively high molecular weight (MW >1000). In the terrestrial environment, material is expected to remain in the soil. In the aquatic environment, material is expected to float.	
DEGRADATION & PERSISTENCE	This water insoluble polymeric solid is expected to be inert in the environment. Surface photodegradation is expected with exposure to sunlight. No appreciable biodegradation is expected.	
ECOTOXICITY		
Not expected to be acutely toxic, but pellets may mechanically cause adverse effects if ingested by waterfowl or aquatic life.		

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SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL

Dot no dump into any sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water. All disposal methods must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator.

For unused and uncontaminated product, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted recycler, reclaimer, incinerator or other thermal destruction device.

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